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FOR DOGS
OF ALL SIZES
LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

November 15, 1919, Temperature 67°

The

China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1846

1846

Rainfall 0.00 inch.

Humidity 66.

November 15, 1919, Temperature 74°

No. 17,801. 大英報 九月十五日一千九百一十九年

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1919.

日三廿九未己亥年十一月廿五日

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OVERLAND CARS
A consignment of HUDSON and ESSEX Cars
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Orders may now be booked. Cars for hire.
Lessons in driving at moderate inclusive prices.

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Cure a Cold in the Shortest
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An Excellent Remedy For
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This excellent remedy is sent regularly
from Hongkong to customers in
England & elsewhere abroad.

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YEE SANG FAT CO.

JUST ARRIVED
THERMOS BOTTLES

"SERVES YOU EIGHT
Keeps contents hot 24 hours
AT THE

NORTH POLE.

Prices \$4.00 to \$12.00 Each
Lunch Sets
Prices \$7.00 to \$85.00 Set.

YEE SANG FAT CO.
Corner of Queen's Road & D'Aguilar Street.
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ALEXANDRA BUILDING, HONGKONG. TEL. No. 8242.

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WINE MERCHANTS.
TEL. No. 834.

TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

KING TOASTS FRENCH PRESIDENT.

PRaises GLORIOUS TROOPS OF FRANCE.

(London, November 11.)

His Majesty the King, proposing the toast of President Poincaré at a reception at Buckingham Palace, said he welcomed this opportunity of expressing in person his profound appreciation of the glorious feats performed by the French troops under the splendid leadership of the supreme generalissimo Foch. Amid all the wonderful features of the war, none made a greater appeal to the hearts of my people than the heroic constancy and chivalrous ardour of France. His Majesty recalled the successful efforts of his father and one of Poincaré's predecessors, to bring about the Anglo-French entente, an entente which had been happily succeeded by a firm and enduring alliance, cemented and made permanent alike by sacrifices and victories which they had shared in the war against a stubborn and powerful foe.

His Majesty said that despite the arduous duties ahead he was confident France and the British Empire would carry through their great work of reconstruction in the same spirit of mutual trust and good fellowship which they exhibited in wartime. My country has already given a fresh proof of her devotion to the alliance by signing an agreement to come to the aid of France if menaced afresh by her old enemy. I pray Heaven to avert such calamity, and that the League of Nations may ensure the peace of the world and enable all nations to pursue their allotted tasks in tranquillity and security.

He was confident of the glorious destinies of the two nations proceeding together along the paths of peace, firmly united by indissoluble ties and undying memories of common endurance and common triumph.

His Majesty thus concluded: "Our aspirations are identical. Our interests should never conflict. I am unable to contemplate any situation in which we shall not act together in defence of our high ideals of liberty and justice. The Queen and I are especially glad that Madame Poincaré was able to accompany you and enable us to welcome her as our guest.

POINCARE AT GUILDFHALL.

Following the reception, President Poincaré was entertained to luncheon at the Guildhall, where a most distinguished company attended. The Lord Mayor in a felicitous speech eulogised the sacrifices of the French nation. President Poincaré when replying had a magnificent ovation. He drew attention to the sufferings at enemy hands of London and Paris, which during the war so completely symbolised the characteristics of the British and French forces. German air raids had killed 516 and injured 1570 in London. The same methods of terrorisation were used over Paris but Germany was as much deceived in London as in Paris. The enemy's attacks were opposed by unshakable determination, supported by a firm conviction of national duty. (Cheers).

President Poincaré went on: England was always guided by principles of fairplay. Formerly when Britain and France were adversaries they attacked each other with chivalrous courtesy, and thus learned respect for each other. "Can we conceive a more audacious challenge to civilisation and the spirit of the twentieth century than to wage war by night upon open towns and to bury innocent people in the ruins of their dwellings? It is necessary for the peace we have just signed to spare to posterity a resumption of such horrors as we have known. Our two great peoples have powerfully contributed to save righteousness from the ruin wherewith it was threatened. It remains for them to give it new life and assure its reign upon earth." (cheers).

LONDON CORDIAL.

The city gave a great welcome to President Poincaré. This morning in the course of his procession to the Guildhall the entire route was packed with cheering crowds. M. Poincaré was visibly touched by the warmth of the welcome. There was a dense concourse at the Guildhall, including Prince Albert and all the members of the government. M. Poincaré, in replying to the address of welcome, recalled the cordiality of the 1913 reception. He added that he saw in London a deeper and more urgent desire than even before to extend to France the hand of friendship.

RUSSIAN CIVIL WAR.

EBB AND FLOW IMPOSSIBLE TO FOLLOW.

(London, Nov. 11.)
Military authorities opine that a further Yudenitch offensive in winter-time is impossible. He continues to retreat and has lost half his forces, composed of Bolshevik deserters who returned to the enemy ranks. Meanwhile the southern front operations of the Caucasus army on the east bank of the Volga are entirely successful. The whole area Tzarev Rakhinka is cleared of Bolsheviks. On the right bank the Reds have been forced back across the Bataevka with heavy losses. The Don army captured a large number of prisoners and material, especially northward of Liski, there the Cossack attack, after heavy fighting, was completely successful. On the other hand the volunteer army has been forced back 30 to 40 miles northward of Voronezh railway. Denikin westward of Syevsk continues progress, but further west the volunteers has retired from Chernigov to the south bank of the Desna.

ARMISTICE COMMEMORATION AT HOME.

(London, November 11.)
After the silent feature of the celebration of the armistice anniversary, London fired air raid maroons from a hundred police stations. There was a great thanksgiving service at St. Paul's. Telephone services were suspended for two minutes. A procession of a hundred comrades of the great war, accompanied by vehicles conveying limbless soldiers, marched to the Cenotaph at Whitehall, where the Scots Guards played the National Anthem and the Irish Guards sounded the "last post." Representatives of Canada, Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa participated. The proceedings at the Law Courts were suspended; the public standing. Every train in England halted for two minutes.

By the King's invitation a most impressive scene was witnessed at the Cenotaph at Whitehall. A Guard of Honour formed of soldiers and sailors with reversed arms was there. Streams of relatives and friends of the fallen placed wreaths at the base of the monument. A representative of President Poincaré also placed a wreath, and Lloyd George walked bare-headed from Downing Street and laid a beautiful wreath at the foot of the Cenotaph. A vast ground at the Mansion House, after the silence, sang "Praise God from whom all blessings flow." Prayer was offered and the national anthem sung.

ARMISTICE COMMEMORATION IN AUSTRALIA.

(Melbourne, November 11.)
Various governments, municipalities, and churches participated in the armistice commemoration ceremonies. All normal activities were completely suspended at the pre-appointed time. Pedestrians halted and uncovered their heads. Hotels and business places closed. The "last post" was sounded at principal street corners. The Governor General arrived outside the federal parliament house shortly before eleven and was greeted with the royal salute. His Excellency read his Majesty's message. The band played the recessional. Bells tolled and flags were half-masted. There was another royal salute at 11.30 and the "last post" was sounded again.

PRINCE OF WALES IN U.S.A.

(Washington, November 11.)
The Prince of Wales arrived and was welcomed at the station by the Vice-President, members of the cabinet, and others.

(Continued on Page 2.)

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

RUSSIAN CIVIL WAR.

(London, November 11.)
The Estonians, Letts, Lithuanians, Poles, and Finns, conferring at Dorpat, will consider the advisability of negotiating an armistice with the Bolsheviks.

PRINCE OF WALES IN U.S.A.

(London, November 11.)
The Prince of Wales entered the United States last night and was greeted by Mr. Robert Lansing, who was accompanied by a number of Admirals and Generals. A band played "God Save the King" after which the party proceeded to Washington. (Washington, Nov. 11.)

The Prince of Wales arrived here today, and was welcomed by the Vice-President, members of the Cabinet, and others.

COAL STRIKE IN U.S.A.

(Indianapolis, November 11.)
The American coal strike has been called off.

(Washington, November 10.)
The Executive Council of the Federation of Labour issued a statement in reference to the Court order, which also rendered permanent the temporary injunction, restraining the leaders from directing the strike.

The Council declares that the strike is justified and promises the entire support of organised Labour.

(Washington, November 11.)
The Attorney-General has warned the miners that the resolutions of their conventions and the orders of the various organisations are not above the law. He reiterated his previous warning that the Government considered the strike illegal and would prosecute to the bitter end.

The Secretary for Labour, Mr. Wilson, is immediately calling a conference of miners and employers to negotiate a wage agreement, in which connection the latter have announced their readiness.

It is stated from White House that the President intends acting similarly.

Meanwhile, it is regarded as problematical whether the miners will obey the order resuming the strike in some districts. The resumption of work is likely to be slow.

Mr. Anting, the President of the Mineworkers, briefly announcing the decision to call off the strike, informed newspapermen: "We will comply with the mandate of the Court under protest. We are Americans, and cannot fight our Government."

In the event of the owners and employees not agreeing, the appointment of a Government arbitrator is likely.

Mr. Lloyd George's speech at the Guildhall was the subject of an inquiry by Mr. Horatio Bottomley in the House of Commons. He asked if it was intended to imply willingness to negotiate with Lenin and Trotsky.

Mr. Bonar Law expressed the opinion that nothing immediate was contemplated. The House could be assured that no steps would be taken until it was consulted.

Sir S. J. G. Hoare asked if the Government had departed from Mr. Churchill's policy.

Mr. Bonar Law reiterated that the view formulated in the speech was merely an expression of the hope of getting peace with Russia.

(London, November 11.)
A War Office communiqué from North West Russia states that, in consequence of Bolshevik pressure on the right flank east of Lake Peipus, resulting in a serious threat to his communications, General Yudenitch has been compelled to withdraw from the salient formed by the Yamburg-Gatchina railway. The centre is now located at Torma, 12 miles east of Yamburg.

The Estonians consequently withdrew their right to Koristovo, 12 miles north of Yamburg. Their left is still resting on Kaporya Bay.

(London, Nov. 14.)
Sir Denison Ross, Director of the School of Oriental Studies, has been speaking to the China Society about the co-ordination of Asiatic studies. He considers it is most important to bring together the vast materials which are scattered throughout the publications of many different societies in order to get a true perspective of the history and culture of Asia. Interviewed by the "Observer" he said the best solution might be the publication of a quarterly journal which might be entitled "Asiatic Researches" and which would contain brief resumes of the contents of all books and articles on Asiatic subjects and notes on recent explorations, lectures and controversies. Such a journal might be undertaken by the British Academy whose members included a certain number of Oriental scholars.

The journal might publish bibliographies of the main sub-divisions of Oriental studies, for example Buddhism in China, so that ultimately it would contain a complete guide to sources of information on all Asiatic topics.

ASIAN STUDIES.

(London, Nov. 14.)
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POULET'S FLIGHT TO AUSTRALIA.

(London, Nov. 10.)
Poulet has passed Tschabar.

BOULEVARD IN U.S.A.

(Washington, November 10.)
Documents seized in the "Red" raids were all printed in Russia. They reveal plans for the overthrow of the Government through a general strike, and advocate an armed revolt of the masses against Capital and the State, also the seizure of the means of production and all articles of consumption.

(New York, November 10.)
Jim Larkin, the Irish agitator, has been granted bail in \$15,000. The charge against him is that of circulating revolutionary publications and advocating the forcible overthrow of the Government.

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CHOICE DESIGNS

IN PURE WOOL TRAVELLING BUGS

JAEGER

AND OTHER WELL KNOWN MARKS

SOMETHING REALLY USEFUL

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PACIFIC PORTS ANNUAL.

Trade Articles from all Pacific Regions. Descriptive Articles on all Ports of the Pacific Ocean. W. & S. America, Japan, China, Australasia, etc.

Freight Calculation Table, Distance Table, Trade Statistics, Port and Postal Regulations, etc., etc.

On Sale at Messrs. BREWER & Co.

Tel. 696. 22 Queen's Road Central.

TOILET BRUSHES.

We have recently received a full and varied assortment of the above including Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Nail Brushes, Military Cases; also Combs, Puff Boxes, Mirrors, Minicure requisites, etc., etc.

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THE PHARMACY,

22, Queen's Road Central.

J. ULLMANN & Co.

French Firm, Established 1860.

Quality, Variety, Perfection.

CIGARS! CIGARS!

JUST ARRIVED FROM HOLLAND A CONSIGNMENT OF

"FLOR DE ROELOFS"

FIRST CLASS DUTCH CIGARS.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1919

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WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

Hotel Mansions

Agents for:—ADMIRALTY CHARTS,
ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,
KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,
BENSON'S ENGLISH WATCHES,
ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers,
High Class English Jewellery.

TO MAKE A DAINTY MEAL

Buy "ROOSTER BRAND" Macaroni, Vermicelli, Egg-Noodles, Paste Stars and other kinds of Soup Stuffs from us. All our Paste Products, made in a new, well-ventilated and modern style Factory, are pure wholesome and of excellent quality.

Obtainable from all our Agents everywhere. Samples and Price List will be given free of charge on application to our Head Office.

THE HING WAH PASTE MFG.
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HEAD OFFICE: 47 & 48, Connaught Road Central, Hongkong.
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HOTELS AND CAFES

THE HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LTD.

OPERATING

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(To be opened 1st January, 1920.)

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THE PEAK HOTEL.

1,500 Feet above Sea Level.
15 Minutes from Landing Stage.
Under the Management of—
MRS. BLAIR

KING EDWARD HOTEL

CENTRAL LOCATION

ALL ELECTRIC TRAMS Pass Entrance, Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting
European Baths and Sanitary Fittings, Hot and Cold Water System
throughout. Best of Food and Service.
Telephone 373. Telegraphic Address: "VICTORIA".
J. WITCHELL, Manager.

PALACE HOTEL

KOWLOON.

Two minutes from Star Ferry.
Recently renovated and refurbished; electric light and fans throughout
and entirely under new management. Cuisine under the personal supervision
of the proprietor, Bar and Billiard Rooms. Terms moderate. Special terms to
families on application to
Telephone K. 3. Telegraphic Add: "PALACE".
J. H. OXBERRY, Proprietor.

CARLTON HOTEL

(THE ONLY AMERICAN HOTEL IN THE COLONY.)

140 HOUSE STREET.

Under American Management. Nice and quiet yet only a few minutes
walk from the Banks and Central Districts. 43 Bedrooms, Excellent Cuisine,
surprisingly clean. Moderate Terms. Monthly and Family Rates on
application to the Proprietress. Launches meet Passenger Boats.
Telegraphic Address: "CARLTON".
Mr. F. E. CAMERON.

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(OPEN TILL MIDNIGHT).

Noted for—

THE BEST TIFFINS AND DINNERS.

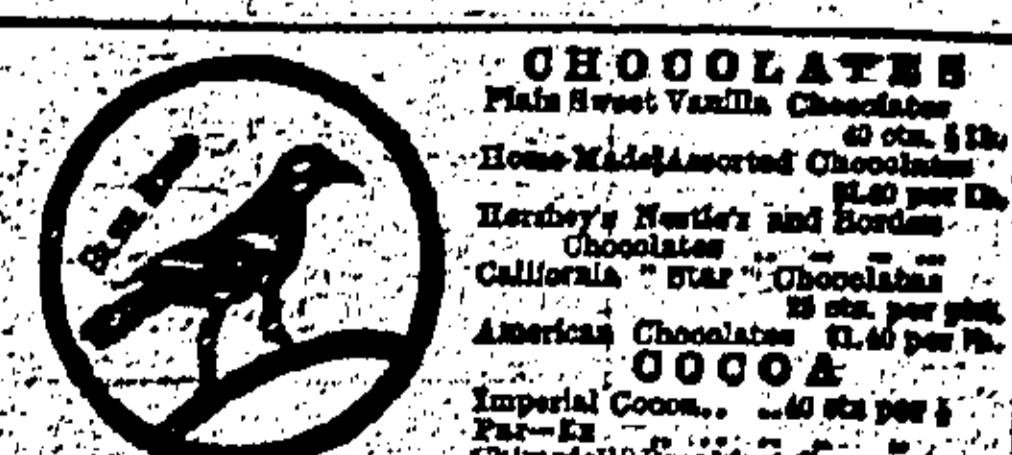
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ICES AND ICED DRINKS.

CAKES AND PASTRIES.

Dinner and Picnic Parties catered for.
A European Cafe under European Supervision.

Tel. 909.

BLUE BIRD
ICE CREAM
PARLOUR
AND CONFECTIONERS

TANG YUE, Director
In memory of
the late HING TING,
14, D'AGUILAR STREET.
TERMS VERY MODERATE
Consultation free.

FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSON

15, Morrison Hill Road.

G. P. LAMMERT.

AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER
AND SURVEYOR.
Public Auctions—

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on

TUESDAY, November 18, 1919,

commencing at 11 a.m.

At No. 19 Chiu Loong Street,

Queen's Road Central,

5 pieces Fire Crackers,

3 Compasses,

8 Small Lamps, (compass use)

4 Glass Tubes, (sounding use)

1 Set New Log,

1 Set Old Log,

10 Life Belts,

3 packages Assorted Flags,

1 bundle New Canvas,

2 Canvas Awnings,

13 Navigating Lamps,

1 Length Manila Rope, 4"

(90 fathoms)

1 Length Manila Rope 9"

(90 fathoms)

Salvaged ex s/m "TAIWAN MARU."

Terms:—Cash on delivery

GEO. P. LAMMERT,

Auctioneer,

Hongkong, November 13, 1919.

ON

WEDNESDAY, November 19,

1919.

AT NOON,

at his Sales Rooms, Duddell Street,

The Wreck of the S.S."

"TAIWAN MARU,"

with all her gear appurtenances as the

now lies stranded in the Hainan Straits.

Terms Cash on fall of Hainan,

when vessel will be at purchaser's Risk.

GEO. P. LAMMERT,

Auctioneer.

Hongkong, November 13, 1919.

INTIMATIONS.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

TEA DANCES will be held on the following DAYS during the month of November, from 4.30 to 7 P.M.—

MONDAY, 17TH.
FRIDAY, 21ST.
MONDAY, 24TH.
THURSDAY, 27TH.Admission to Dance Room each Day
\$2 per head, including TEAJ. H. TAGGART,
Manager.

NOTICE.

REPULSE BAY HOTEL.

IN Order to enable the Contractors to complete the work in connection with the above Hotel at the earliest possible date without interruption, and in order to avoid all possibility of damage to the Flooring, Tiles, Paint Work, etc. The pub. are requested to kindly abstain from visiting the Hotel as on and from this date until its completion and formal opening on which due Notice will be given by advertisement in the local newspapers.

The Management of the Hotel feel sure that they may rely upon the ready co-operation of the public in the foregoing regard.

Dated this Sixth day of November, 1919.

For the HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LTD.

PROPRIETORS OF THE REPULSE BAY HOTEL.

J. H. TAGGART,
Manager.

NOTICE.

MR. W. P. SIMPSON, late of Messrs. SIMPSON & SONS, Tailors, 32, Maddox Street, London, W.1, has this day joined our Firm as Cutter.

D. BROS.,

Tailors.

Alexandra Buildings.

Hongkong, November 8, 1919.

SAVARESSES

SANTAL CAPSULES

PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND THEM
Of all Chemicis. Made in London.

Opposite Hongkong Hotel

Telephone No. 491.

Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

MUMEVY.

Japanese Photographers.

All kinds of Photographic Work done

in latest styles and Passport Photos.

Developing and Printing for

Amateurs a Specialty.

No. 8, Queen's Road Central.

Tel. 254.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION NO. 1

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The New French Remedy.

Mr. G. H. Hood, M.D., has

Sole Distributor of

THERAPION.

Sole Distributor of

THE CHINA MAIL.

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AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT

General Auctioneers
Share, Coal and General
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Commission Agents.PROPRIETORS
"To-Kwa-Wan" Coal Storage.Codes used
Bentley's
A. S. C. 4th & 5th Editions.
A 1 Telegraphic Code.Telegraphic Address
"HUGHES" HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS

THE Undersigned have received instructions from THE CHINA MAIL AUCTIONEERS Co. to sell by Public Auction,

ON

TUESDAY,

November 16, 1919, at 10.30 a.m.,
at H. M. NAVAL YARD, Hongkong.

A Quantity of Spare Gear.

As follows:—

Marble and Iron Baths, Water Closets,
Wash Basins,

etc., etc., etc.

Also

One set of Normandy's Evaporating
and Distilling Plant,

And

One Hydraulic Winch (dismantled),
Life Boats and Life Rafts.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, November 14, 1919.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE GOVERNMENT),
ON

TUESDAY,

November 18, 1919, commencing at 2.30
p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8
Des Voeux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

A QUANTITY OF

SUNDRY USEFUL HOUSEHOLD
LINENS, &c.,

Comprising:—

Double Plain and Hemstitched
and Scalloped Sheets, Linen Damask
Table Cloths, Turkish Towels, Batten
berg and Drawstitch Bedspreads and
Table Covers.

Also

Two 8 X Prismatic Binoculars,
And
Suit and Attaché Cases, Brass
Jardinières.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, November 13, 1919.

(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE GOVERNMENT),
ON

TUESDAY,

November 18, 1919, commencing
at 1.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms,
No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.USEFUL HOUSEHOLD FURNI
TURE, CARPETS, GLASS, PLATED
WARE, &c., &c.

As follows:—

Large Tapestry-covered Chesterfield
Sofas & Arm-chairs (new), Folding Card
and Occasional Tables, Upholstered
Suite, Teakwood Bedroom Furniture
comprising Bedsteads, large and small
Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Washstands,
etc. (Turned Teakwood), Sideboards,
Dinner Wagons, Extension Dining
Tables and Chairs, &c., Dinner Services
Crockery, and Glass Ware, Cooking
Stoves, Cutlery, &c., Bath Room
Upholstery, Electro-Flated Ware,
Electric Reading Lamps, Teakwood
Screens, Sundry Blackwood Furniture
Blackwood Fire Screens, &c., Side
Tables, Chairs, Cabinets, Pictures, &c.
Carpets new and second-hand
Curtains, &c.

Also

One Piano,
One 12-Bore Sporting Gun, Two
Kitchens, Tennis Balls, &c., &c.,
(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, November 13, 1919.

FOR SALE.

THE Undersigned have received in
instructions to sell at their Sales
Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner
of Ice House Street,One Flanders Roadster
(with clucky).16-20 H.P. Four Cylinder.
Bosch Magneto. New Tyres.

In good running order.

Full particulars from the undersigned.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, November 3, 1919.

FOR SALE.

THE Undersigned have received in
instructions to sell at their Sales
Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner
of Ice House Street.

One

Curtigged racing skiff about 31 feet
long with sliding seat, and pair of sculls,
(newly done up).The above craft is in good condition
and is being sold due to owner
leaving the Colony.

Terms:—Cash.

Particulars from the Undersigned.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, October 2, 1919.

DAISY
AIR RIFLESGet out in the open
with a gun—the best
sport on earth. The
Daisy gives you all the
enjoyment of a hunting
rifle, at a very
small cost.The Daisy is made of
steel, handsomely
finished. Give you
thirty shots a minute.
Operated by compressed
air. Most popular
article for boys
sold in the Americas.Repeating and Single
Shot Models. Ask
your dealer to show
you a Daisy Air Rifle.To Dealers: A most
profitable specialty.
Write us for terms.DAISY MANUFACTURING CO.
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14 Broadway, New York.MAN WAH
COMMERCIAL EMBOSSED SEAL
HONGKONG.TAIYO & CO.
JAPANESE
BOOTS AND SHOES
MADE TO ORDER
No. 12, Wyndham St.

ASAHI BEER

ASAHI BEER
PISENTER BEER
GRANITE BEER
MAGNIFICENT BEERASAHI BEER
PISENTER BEER
GRANITE BEER
MAGNIFICENT BEER

PUBLIC AUCTION.

By Order of the Mortgagors.

MR. GEO. P. LAMMERT has received
instructions to sell by Public Auction.

On FRIDAY,

the 21st day of November, 1919, at
3 o'clock in the afternoon at his sale
room in Duddell Street, Victoria,
Hongkong.

The Steamship "ASIA"

of 1061 tons now lying in Kowloon Bay
in the Harbour of Hongkong together
with all the furniture, Store equipment
and appurtenances now on board.

IN ONE LOT.

This Ship is a Chinese ship registered
in Canton and is constructed of steel.
She has the following dimensions
namely Length 365 feet Breadth 32 feet
6 inches and Depth 12 feet 9 inches and
her speed is about 10 knots.For further particulars and conditions
of Sale and for orders for inspection of
the vessel please apply to

MESSRS. KUNG YUEN,

223 Wing Lok Street

or

MESSRS. DEACON, LOOKER

DEACON & HARSTON,

No. 1 Des Voeux Road Central

Vendor's Solicitors

or to

MR. GEO. P. LAMMERT,

The Auctioneer.

Hongkong, October 13, 1919.

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Every additional 4 words 4 Cents.

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Preferably Certificated Marine En
gineer. Salary to commence \$407 per
month with service conditions. For
further particulars apply toMARINE ENGINEERS' GUILD,
17, Nanjing Road,
Shanghai.

TO-LET.

TO LET.—A Vacant Plot of LAND
at Yau-mati. Suitable for Coal
Storage. Apply to THE HONGKONG
LAND RECLAMATION CO., LTD.TO LET.—A VACANT PLOT of
LAND.—Price £100.Apply to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST
MENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.

A. KWAI & CO.

1 & 2, 19, Commercial Road Central, HONGKONG.

"NAVY CONTRACTORS"

Ship Chandlars, Coal Merchants,
Hall-Makers, General Storekeepers
AND
Soap and Soda Manufacturers.

Cable Add. "Akwai". Tel. No. 188.

Fur's Artistic Remodelling.

Dry Cleaning, Block of Boxes, and Boxes.

Packing a Contract.

Y. NAGATA

c/o MATSUNAGA & CO.

No. 11, D'Aguilar Street.

WITHOUT PURE BLOOD HEALTH IS IMPOSSIBLE.

VETARZO BLOOD
MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all

cases of poorness, impurity, or other infirmities.

No power is habited into the system that is pernicious and destructive to the human capillary

network, excepting disease, and in whatever form met with it removes

all blots, pimples, spots, &c., & removes

unwholesome patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the restoration of lost health.

Persons who have been long ill, and who have been unable to get well, will find

VETARZO a great blessing.

Send stamped addressed envelope to VETARZO, 19, Queen's Road Central, HONGKONG.

VETARZO is the only Remedy that is accepted by the Government.

VETARZO REMEDIES ARE SOLD BY BOOTS. CASH CHEMISTS.

The Penalty for non compliance is a

fine not exceeding \$10.

E. D. G. WOLFE,

Captain Superintendent of Police.

Hongkong, September 22, 1919.

INSTRUMENTS

Household Thermometers.

Industrial Thermometers.

Pyrometers.

Temperature, Pressure and Time Regulators.

Hygrometers.

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Pocket Compasses.

Surveying Compasses.

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Hand Levels.

Sphygmomanometers.

Fever Thermometers, etc.

Pulse Thermometers, etc.

Write today for literature. Address

Taylor Instrument Companies

Rochester, N. Y., U. S. A.

There's a Free Thermometer for Every Purpose.

NOTICE

Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL much regret that for the

first time for a hundred years war conditions prevent many of their

products being shipped to Hongkong and China. They much

appreciate the letters they are receiving, and in reply would state

that it is fully recognised here that under the circumstances of life in

China the absence of English delicacies and foods is a very real

hardship.

Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL will take care that not a day shall be lost in

SHIPPING

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

HONGKONG CANTON LINE.

Callings—To Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 10 p.m.

From Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 6 p.m.

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

To Macao daily at 9 a.m. (Saturday excepted, at 2 p.m.)

From Macao daily at 2 p.m. (Sundays excepted, at 4 p.m.)

Police Permits to leave the Colony are not required.
Further information may be obtained at the Company's Office, Hotel Mansions, or from Messrs. Tsoa, Coor & Son, Booking Agents, Hongkong.

OCEAN TRANSPORT CO., LTD.
(TAIYO KAIUN KAISHA)

FOR VANCOUVER AND SEATTLE.

For Freight and Particulars apply to DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

TAKING Cargo on through Bills of Lading to SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS with transhipment at CALCUTTA, in conjunction with the INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

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THE NANYO YUSEN KAISHA
(SOUTH SEA MAIL S. S. CO.)

Regular Service of Steamers Between Japan, Hongkong, Singapore, Batavia, Samarang and Sourabaya.

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for JAPAN PORTS

For Freight or Passage apply to DODWELL & CO., LTD. Agents.

O. S. K.
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON & ANTWERP—Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.

ALPS MARU End of November.

AMUR MARU End of Dec. or early Jan.

GENOA & BOMBAY—Monthly service. Taking cargo on through Bills of Lading with transhipment at Bombay to Co. steamer.

BUSNO'S AIRES—Rio de Janeiro, Santos, Mauritius, Durban and Cape Town via Singapore.

SEATTLE MARU Monday, 24th November.

BOMBAY & COLOMBO—Regular fortnightly service via Spore.

SAIGON MARU Thursday, 20th November.

BURMA MARU Saturday, 6th December.

KASADO MARU Sunday, 7th December.

SAIGON, BANGKOK, & SINGAPORE—Regular Monthly service.

UNNAN MARU Monday, 14th December.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE—Monthly service calling at AUCKLAND, N. Z. and ADELAIDE.

MADRAS MARU Saturday, 15th November.

KUNAJIRI MARU Friday, 6th December.

VICTORIA & VANCOUVER—Tascone via Manila, Keelung, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Moji, Fobe, Yokohama & Yokohama.

AFRICA, MARU (Calling Shanghai) Thursday, 22nd November.

CANADA MARU (Calling Manila) Thursday, 27th November.

KEELUNG via SWATOW & AMOY—These steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class saloon passengers and will arrive at and depart from the O.S.K. near the Harbour Office.

KAJO MARU Sunday, 14th November.

TAKAO via SWATOW and AMOY.

SOSHU MARU Thursday, 20th November.

JAPAN PORTS—Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Yokohama.

For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to—

Y. YASUDA, Manager, No. 1, Queen's Building.

Tel. No. 744 and 745.

NEW YORK DIRECT.
JOINT SERVICE OF THE
"BLUE FUNNEL" LINE
(OCEAN S. S. CO., LTD. & CHINA MUTUAL S. S. CO., LTD.)AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE
(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S. S. CO., LTD.).

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

"EURYLOCHUS" via Panama, 25th November.

"CITY OF NEWCASTLE" via Suez 30th November.

"KNIGHT TEMPLAR" via Panama, 22nd December.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' option. Subject to change without notice.

For freight and particulars apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE or THE BANK LINE, LTD., HONGKONG.

HONGKONG & CANTON REISS & CO. CANTON.

THE FAR EAST BUILDING CO.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

REINFORCED CONCRETE SPECIALISTS.

DEALERS IN BUILDING MATERIALS AND ALL SANITARY FITTINGS, ENAMEL & PORCELAIN.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF CONSTRUCTIONAL WORK UNDERTAKEN.

OFFICE and SHOWROOMS: 8 Beaconsfield Arcade, Telephone 3082. (Opposite City Hall).

SHIPPING

C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
HOIHOW & BANGKOK	BUPEH	Nov. 18, at 3 p.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	LUCHOW	Nov. 18, at 9 a.m.
SHANGHAI	SHANTUNG	Nov. 18, at Noon.
MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO	TAMING	Nov. 18, at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI	SUNNING	Nov. 20, at Noon.

SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGERS, MAIL and CARGO. Excellent Saloon accommodation amidships. Electric Light and Fans in Saloon and State-rooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong, Shanghai (thrice weekly) and Tsingtao (weekly), taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transhipment at Woosung.

BANGKOK LINE—Weekly service to and from Bangkok via Swatow.

For Freight or Passage apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
AGENTS.

INDO CHINA
STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
STRAITS & CALCUTTA	FOOKSANG	TUESDAY, Nov. 18, at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI	HANGSANG	WEDDAY, Nov. 19, Daylight.
HAIPHONG	LOKSANG	THURSDAY, Nov. 20, at 8 a.m.
MANILA	YUENSANG	FRIDAY, Nov. 21, at 3 p.m.
TIENTSIN	CHIPIHNG	SATURDAY, Nov. 22, Daylight.
BANDAEN	HINSANG	SATURDAY, Nov. 22, at Noon.
KOBE	CHAKSANG	WEDDAY, Nov. 26, at 5 p.m.

CALCUTTA LINE—This Line now effects regular sailings to Calcutta, Penang, and Singapore; returning from Calcutta steamers proceed via Swatow and Hongkong to Japan, occasionally calling at Shanghai. All steamers have ample berths for passengers, good food, and comfortable accommodation, are fitted with Electric Light and Fans and carry a fully qualified Surgeon.

SHANGHAI LINE—Sailings approximately every 6th day between Canton and Shanghai, calling at Swatow, Hongkong, and Tsingtao, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Northern and Yangtze Ports via Shanghai.

MANILA LINE—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with good passenger accommodation; sailings from both ports every Friday.

HAIPHONG LINE—Sailings approximately weekly for passengers and cargo, calling at Haiphong, while sailings monthly between Hongkong and Haiphong by a steamer having sufficient accommodation for passengers.

BORNEO LINE—Sailings monthly between Hongkong and Sandakan by a steamer having sufficient accommodation for passengers.

TIENTSIN LINE—A weekly service is maintained with Tientsin from Hongkong and Tientsin, calling at Whampoa and Canton.

For Freight and Passage apply to—

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,

Telephone No. 915. GENERAL MANAGERS.

THE ADMIRAL LINE

PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.

TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE.

Operating the following U. S. Shipping Board Steamers.

For SEATTLE, TACOMA, VICTORIA, VANCOUVER.
(Calling at Shanghai and Kobe.)

"ENDICOTT"	About November 26.
"ELKTON"	About November 29.
"ELDRIDGE"	about December 10.
"EDMUND G."	About December 24.
"CITY OF SPOKANE"	About January 5.
"SEATTLE SPIRIT"	About February 1.
"WHEATLAND"	About February 15.

For PORTLAND direct.

"WABAN" (Calling at Shanghai and Kobe). About December 19.

"WAVALONA" About December 29.

Through Bills of Lading issued at Overland Common Points.

FOR FREIGHT AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO:

THE ADMIRAL LINE,

Telephones 2477 & 2478. Fifth Floor, Hotel Mansions.

THE U. S. SHIPPING BOARD.

S. S. "WYTHEVILLE"

Will be despatched for

NEW YORK

via SUEZ

Late November.

For freight, space and particulars apply to

THE ADMIRAL LINE,

AGENTS

Telephone 2477 & 2478. 5th Floor, Hotel Mansions.

TOYO KSEN KAISHA

SAN FRANCISCO LINE.

SHANGHAI, INLAND SEA, JAPAN and HONOLULU.

FAST AND LUXURIOUS MAIL STEAMERS.

Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to change without notice.

Steamers	Tons	Leave Hongkong
SIBERIA MARU	20,000	23rd November.
KOREA MARU	20,000	2nd December.
*NIPPON MARU	11,000	8th December.
TENYU MARU	22,000	18th December.
*SHINYO MARU	22,000	15th January.
*PERSIA MARU	9,000	3rd February.

*From Kobe. *Omitting call at Shanghai.

Subject to change without notice.

THE BANK LINE, LTD.

General Agents.

For dates of departure, Rates of Freight, apply to—

THE BANK LINE, LTD.

MANAGING AGENTS

Princes Building, Ice House Street.

Tel. 1834.

SHIPPING

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SAILINGS

HONGKONG to VANCOUVER

(via Shanghai, Nagasaki ("Maji") Kobe & Yokohama)

STEAMERS

HONGKONG VANCOUVER</p

SHIPPING

P. & O.-BRITISH INDIA,
APCAR AND
EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN
LINES

(COMPANIES incorporated in ENGLAND).
MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICES
STRAITS, JAVA, BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, WEST
INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA, RED
SEA, EGYPT, EUROPE, &c.

SAILINGS FOR
MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

S.S.	Leave Hongkong about	Due MARSEILLES about	Due LONDON about
NOVARA	19th December	23rd January	1st February
KASHGAR	28th December	30th January	8th February

FOR
BOMBAY via STRAITS & COLOMBO.

S.S.	Leave Hongkong about	Due Bombay about
DILWARA	18th December	2nd January

FOR
CALCUTTA via STRAITS and RANGOON.

S.S.	Leave Hongkong about	Due Calcutta about
GREGORY APCAR	17th Nov. at 1 p.m.	6th December

FOR
AUSTRALIAN PORTS via TORRES
STRAITS.

S.S.	Leave Hongkong about	Due Sydney about
EASTERN	26th Nov.	17th Dec.

SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND
YOKOHAMA.

S.S.	Leave Hongkong about	due Yokohama about
NOVARA	20th Nov. at Noon	4th December
ARRINGTON APCAR	28th Nov.	6th December (Kobe via Shai)
DILWARA	4th Dec.	7th December (Shai)

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.
Tickets Interchangeable.

All Saloon Passengers may travel by B.I.S.N. Company's steamers between Singapore and Calcutta or Singapore and Madras in lieu of the section of their P. & O. Tickets Singapore to Colombo.

All Cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge.

Steamers and Sailing dates are liable to be cancelled or altered without notice.

Parcels Measuring not more than 3 ft. x 2 ft. x 1 ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to noon on the day previous to sailing.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Consignees are reminded of the necessity to apply to the Company's Agents regarding arrival of consignments expected of which they have received documents or advice.

Any damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard and Douglas, at 10 a.m. on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

Claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

For further information, Freight Rates, Freight Handbooks, etc., apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
22, Des Voeux Road Central, HONGKONG.

Agents.

N. Y. K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

SEATTLE & VICTORIA via Manila, Shanghai & Japan ports.
Cargo to Overland Points U.S. in connection with Great Northern, Northern
Pacific, and Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railways.

KASHIMA MARU Saturday, 22nd Nov., at 11 a.m.

FUSHIMI MARU (Omitting Manila) Saturday, 13th Dec., at 11 a.m.

LONDON & ANTWERP via Singapore, Malacca, Penang,

Colombo, Suez, Port Said & Marseilles.

YOKOHAMA MARU Friday, 14th November, at Noon.

TAMBA MARU Friday, 28th November, at Noon.

MELBOURNE & SYDNEY via Manila, Zamboanga, Thursday

Island, Townsville & Brisbane.

AKI MARU Wednesday, 10th November, at 11 a.m.

TANGO MARU Wednesday, 24th December, at 11 a.m.

NEW YORK & HAVANA via Kobe, Yokohama, Murnora,

San Francisco, Panama & Colon.

TOKIWA MARU Saturday, 22nd November.

SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS via Cape.

BOMBAY & COLOMBO via Singapore.

TAMA MARU Thursday, 27th November.

SHINYO MARU Friday, 28th November.

CALCUTTA & RANGOON via Singapore & Penang.

NAGAÇÇA MARU Tuesday, 26th November.

MURORAN MARU Thursday, 4th December.

JAPAN PORTS—Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama.

TANGO MARU Saturday, 22nd November, at 11 a.m.

NIKKO MARU Saturday, 20th December, at 11 a.m.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

SADO MARU Saturday, 18th November, at 8 a.m.

BAWAH-WU Monday, 17th November.

KITANO MARU Tuesday, 26th November, at 11 a.m.

INABA MARU Thursday, 11th December, at 11 a.m.

EXTRA SERVICES (Marseilles, Liverpool, Antwerp,

Rotterdam, Hamburg, etc.).

TATSUNO MARU (London, Antwerp & Hamburg) Friday, 21st November.

TSUSHIMA MARU (Mussel & Liverpool) End of November.

DURBAN MARU (London, Antwerp, Rotterdam & Hamburg) Middle of Dec.

For further information apply to—

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Telephone Nos. 221 & 222.

15. YASUDA, Manager.

Telephone Nos. 221 & 222.

D.F.J. Collis Browne's

Chlorodyne

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE

Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; relieves irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicines can be tolerated.

CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.

None greater witness to the merits of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne on the Stomach and Bowels.

Specific in CHOLERA and DYSENTERY.

Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; relieves irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicines can be tolerated.

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EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail)

ARMISTICE COMMEMORATION.

LONDON, November 11th.
At the King's invitation, the two minute pause was carried out throughout Britain in the most impressive manner. In London, the trams and other activities were at a complete standstill and there was a most solemn silence.

A wreath from Their Majesties was placed on the cenotaph in Whitehall with a card inscribed by the King "In memory of the glorious Dead."

Very early outside St. Paul's sang "For God our help in ages past" the Doxology, and the National Anthem with thrilling effect.

LATER.
Throughout the land, in to-day's great silence, there were innumerable, never to be forgotten experiences.

The silence in the Metropolis was so intense and so spontaneous that the chimes of Big Ben was heard for miles around where they had never before been heard. Throughout London, millions of women and bare-headed men stood rigid as statuesque as guardsmen.

Members of the Royal Family, accompanied by President Poincaré, with his suite, participated in the memorable spectacle at Buckingham Palace.

His Majesty's wreath on the cenotaph was given a place of honour amid a mass of floral tributes ranging from the most magnificent wreaths to very humble tokens from war widows and bereaved mothers.

Thousands congregated at Whitehall around the cenotaph, making one of the most remarkable crowds ever gathered throughout the world.

The gathering included hundreds of bereaved mothers and wives from the lowest to the highest in the land.

At the sound of the first maroon, the men and women near the cenotaph, heedless of those around them, were on their knees, with hands clasped, and remained thus for two minutes without a sign of self-consciousness.

The Premier's wreath was inscribed in his own handwriting "A humble token of gratitude to those who died that we may live more abundantly."

As the period of silence ran out, tears fell from eyes unshocked. Womenfolk fought hard to subdue their emotion; it ended with a sigh, and there was a sudden removal of tension as the crowds began to sway again.

Trafalgar Square presented a great hushed tableau with Nelson as the central figure.

Throughout the Provinces, reports show that the degree of spontaneity everywhere was dramatic.

MONTENEGRO'S ROUGH LUCK.

LONDON, November 11th.
In the House of Commons, Mr. Ronald McNeill complained of the Allies' treatment of Montenegro, which is still occupied by Serbians, who are treating it as conquered territory and committing gross excesses. He urged the Government to exercise its influence to enable the Montenegrins freely to determine their own future.

Mr. Cecil Harmsworth replied sympathetically. He pointed out the impossibility of picking out Montenegro and saying that they would settle their affairs regardless of the profound problems confronting the Allies on the eastern side of the Adriatic. The good offices of the Government were at the disposal of Montenegro to help her to work out her destiny. The Government desired the people to achieve a modus of Government compatible with free and peaceful development.

SERBS, USEFUL AND OTHERWISE.

BELGRADE, November 9th.
The Ministry of Agriculture states that Serbia is now the third largest silk producer in Europe, from the viewpoint of silk-worm breeding. The Government, desiring to develop this national asset, has called a conference in Belgrade of delegates from all silk-producing districts in the country to discuss matters connected with the organisation and extension of the industry and the legislation necessary for its development.

The Ministry of Agriculture will examine the conclusions of the conference with a view to better organisation of the industry.

FOR JOBLESS SOLDIERS.

LONDON, November 11th.
On the occasion of the anniversary of the Armistice, Sir Douglas Haig issued an appeal to employers for the re-settlement of 400,000 ex-officers and men awaiting re-employment.

TWO HEROES.

LONDON, November 11th.
The Gazette announces the award of the Victoria Cross to Commander Claude Dobson, D.S.O., who led the motor-boat flotilla in the attack on Kronstadt on August 19th, and torpedoed the Bolshevik battleship *Andrei Perovszki*. The V.C. has also been awarded to Lieutenant Gordon Seale, R.N., who torpedoed the Bolshevik battleship *Andrei Perovszki* from a range of 100 yards, and subsequently torpedoed the battleship *Petrovsk*.

ROMANIAN LOOTERS.

COPENHAGEN, November 11th.
A telegram from Vienna states that a Romanian detachment appeared at the head Customs offices in Budapest and seized 20,000,000 kronen.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail)

OUR KING AND THE FRENCH PRESIDENT.

LONDON, November 10th.
At the banquet at Buckingham Palace, replying to His Majesty's toast, President Poincaré reviewed the events since the Entente Corde, which had led up to the partition of Europe in 1914.

He paid a fitting tribute as to how before her freedom was threatened, the whole British Empire rose from one end of the world to the other with spontaneity in that spirit of self-denial and sentiment of solidarity which equally honoured the Motherland, the Dominions, and the Colonies.

Everywhere the Empire had performed prodigies in organising resistance and preparing for the final success, heroically fighting and shedding the blood of her sons upon the plains of Belgium and France side by side with the armies which were defending their native soil. He was never tired of admiring their splendid military bearing, endurance and bravery.

Continuing, he paid a tribute of unmeasured praise to the great work of His Majesty's fleet.

He reminded His Majesty that he had an opportunity, when he was last in Paris, of ascertaining what a frank and strong friendship France entertained for all the peoples of the British Empire. No longer could they do without each other.

He hoped that Britain would never have to redeem her solemn promise of military assistance in the event of a fresh attack on France's north-eastern frontiers, and that the League of Nations would receive the authority and power necessary for the accomplishment of its primary mission.

He expressed the opinion that even within the League, the fraternal combination of Britain and France would remain. Its value and the usefulness of their union could do much for the tranquillity of their future and the happiness of humanity.

Concluding, President Poincaré said both the nations were especially interested in seeing that Germany faithfully fulfilled the Treaty, over the execution of which they must together watch in the long future years.

They would have to remove from new Europe the evil temptations and tasks of the adventure. The task was not ungrateful of England, France or their allies. Let us have the will to accomplish it. Let us set ourselves to make war henceforth impossible.

England had always been guided by principles of fairplay. Formerly, when Britain and France were adversaries, they attacked each other with chivalrous courtesy and thus learned to respect each other.

Can we conceive a more audacious challenge to civilisation and the spirit of the twentieth century than to wage war by night on open towns and bury innocent people in the ruins of their dwellings? It is necessary that the peace we have just signed should spare to posterity the resumption of the horrors we have known.

Our two great peoples have powerfully contributed to save righteousness from the ruin with which it was threatened. It remains for them to give it new life, and assure its reign upon earth. (Cheers.)

QUESTIONS IN PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, November 10th.
In the House of Commons, Mr. Newton Moore asked if in consequence of the claims of parties to market rights under ancient monopolies, the Port of London Authority had been prevented from auctioning food on its own premises, thereby creating the risk of large supplies of British oversize fruit being re-directed to Hamburg and other Continental ports as before the war, or having to be otherwise handled in London at considerable additional cost to consumers.

Mr. C. A. McCurdy replied that the Food Controller was making enquiries in this connection.

LONDON, November 10th.
In the House of Commons, replying to Commander Kenworthy, Mr. Bonar Law said that the Government, if possible, would be represented by the Foreign Secretary at the first meeting of the Council of the League of Nations.

MISSING WAR PRISONERS.

LONDON, November 11th.
In the House of Commons, replying to Mr. Leonard Lyle, Mr. Cecil Harmsworth stated that the number of British war prisoners in Germany, including overseas men, yet unaccounted for was 12 officers and 591 others.

The German authorities continued to render assistance as regards outstanding cases.

LONDON, November 11th.
In the House of Commons, replying to Mr. W. Lunn, the Rt. Hon. H. H. Asquith said that the cost of the armistice compensation of Germany from April 1st to October 31st had been roughly £23,000,000 and of the British forces in France and Flanders £4,000,000.

PARIS PRINTERS STRIKE.

PARIS, November 10th.
All grades of newspaper printers have decided to strike in consequence of the refusal of the proprietors to grant an increase of five francs daily to meet the cost of living.

HONGKONG DEFENCE CORPS.

Administrative Orders by Major G. H. Wakeman, V.D., Acting Administrative Commander.

No. 600 Lance-Corporal Cullen, having returned from New Zealand, is posted to Macleod Gun-Company to date from July 28, 1919.

No. 589 Private H. A. Nisbet, "B" Company, is permitted to resign, on leaving the Colony, from November 27, 1919.

LEAVE.

Lieut. R. E. Lindsell is granted 12 months' leave from December 2, 1919.

Pte. H. J. Knight, "B" Company, is granted 10 months' leave from November 15, 1919.

AMMUNITION.

Members of the Corps purchasing Ammunition are reminded that they must return the Chargers and Empties to the Detonics Headquarters Store.

Orders for Artillery Company by Major J. H. W. Armstrong, V.D.

A Musketry Competition will be held at King's Park Range, Kowloon, Sunday, Nov. 23. It is hoped that a large number will avail themselves of this opportunity of practising for the Musketry Course, which will be fired on Sunday Dec. 7.

Ammunition will be provided. Those intending to compete are requested to send their names to the Sergeant-Major of their Half Company.

Orders for Engineer Company by Captain R. Hall.

D.E.L. CLASSES FOR HIGHER RATINGS.

Candidates for higher ratings will parade for D.E.L. instruction at Belchers at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, Nov. 19. Officer on duty: Lieut. G. E. Murie.

Orders for Infantry Battalion by Major Wakeman, V.D., Officer Commanding.

"B" COMPANY.

PARADES.

Saturday, Nov. 22—2.30 p.m. Nos. 3 and 6 Platoons at King's Park Range. Annual Musketry Course, Part 1. The following will attend: Sergts. Oxberry and Beavis, Corp. Jackman, Privates J. Coker Clark, W. S. Gendinning, H. O. Holt, J. A. Pionner, E. H. Ray, J. O. Sheppard, T. F. Chalton and W. Jackson, Lance-Corp. W. Wright, Privates J. Carr, A. G. Coppin, F. R. J. Adams, W. E. Ford, R. Baker, J. McCordqudale and S. Baker, Sergt. F. Meade will attend. Dress Drill order (helmets).

G. E. STEWART, Captain, Adjutant, H.K. Defence Corps, Hongkong, Nov. 14, 1919.

NOTICES.

HONGKONG RIFLE LEAGUE.

Members of the Corps are reminded of the practice shoot at King's Park Range at 2.30 p.m. on Saturday, 13th instant.

RIFLE COMPETITIONS.

A Meeting of unit representatives (as nominated by O.C.s) will be held at Headquarters on Wednesday, 10th instant, at 6 p.m., to discuss arrangements for Rifle Competitions, etc.

SPORTS.

FOOTBALL.

ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE v. SOUTH CHINA.

The following will play for St. Joseph's College in a League match against South China on the Military ground, kick off at 4.30 p.m. to-day:—U. Omar, F. Dixon, P. Xavier, S. Sheper, W. Ogley, M. Abbas, R. Omar, J. Silva, S. Hyndman (captain), G. Goldenberg, and L. Xavier.

The following team will represent the Kowloon F.C. in a friendly match with Kowloon Docks F.C., or King's Park (Vauant) ground, to-day at 4.15 p.m.:—A Bandran; W. Hamilton and W. A. Hyder; A. Jackson, T. L. Knight, and A. van Langenberg; T. A. Mitchell, A. Ogilvie, J. Rasmussen, F. Wheeler and G. White.

CRICKET.

C.R.C. v CRAIGENGOWER.

In this friendly match to-day at Causeway Bay, C.R.C. will be represented by: M. P. Sin, M. P. Choa, J. Wong, K. K. Wong, Ng Sze Kwong, Wei Lee San, H. Ching, J. A. Lam, U. H. Fan, M. T. Yew and M. H. Yew.

MORE INTERVIEWS ABOUT SLAVERY.

The Rev. Dr. T. W. Pearce, LL.D., interviewed, stated that the problem is a very difficult one.

In your opinion, asked our reporter, does the sale and purchase of children in Hongkong amount to slavery as understood by the West-er?

Dr. Pearce: No, I do not think so. In the large majority of cases the children are kindly treated and are for better off than they would otherwise be.

What is the exact bearing of the financial question on the matter?

Dr. Pearce: I don't quite follow your meaning. If you mean that the sale and purchase of children is carried on from a purely financial point of view as a trade—No. It is a custom of China and it is the manner in which Chinese secure domestic service, although it must be admitted the child is not free in the sense understood by (say) the domestic servant in Europe. In very few cases does one come across cruelty.

What eventually becomes of the child?—When she becomes of marriageable age a suitable husband is found for her and usually a small sum is paid to the foster parents as is the custom in China. In the ordinary way, if not bought, the child would probably become an outcast. I repeat, from my experience, the purchased child is kindly treated as a general rule. Of course, there are good and bad in all communities.

Do you agree with concubinage?—Of course, I am opposed to the principle, but I think that, so far, no effective substitute has been evolved as far as Asiatics are concerned. If the Chinese Republic passed a law for the procreation of concubinage, it would have to provide a substitute which would be an improvement. Then we get to a very difficult stage the outcome of which it would be impossible to foresee.

Then you think it would be better to leave matters as they stand?—So far as can be present seen, yes, for as I said, in the large majority of cases the bought children are kindly treated and are far better off than they would otherwise be.

Mr. Ho Loong, interviewed, practically endorsed the views expressed by Mr. Lau Chu-pak.

PRICES DOWN.

Tradesmen, fearful of the Profiteering Act, have begun to put their houses in order. A spontaneous decrease of prices has set in.

Good suits for £4 4s. and £5 5s. are now to be seen in tailors' windows in the West End, where previously nothing of the sort was displayed at less than £8 8s. Morning coats and vests are offered at £4 17s. 6d.

It is now possible to buy woolen half-sack at 2s. 6d. and 3s. the pair, silk ties of excellent quality for 3s. 6d., men's underwear of medium weight for 6s. 1d. and 7s. 1d. the garment, and for 30s. boots of good quality, marked at 35s. at the beginning of summer.

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The China Mail

ESTABLISHED 1845

EXTRA.

No. 17,801. 六月十五日一千九百一十九年十一月五日 HONGKONG, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1919. 一千九百一九年十一月十五日

PRICE \$3.00 Per Month

TO-DAY'S CABLES.

Reuter's Service to the China Mail.

EMPIRE FOOD SUPPLIES.

TALK, TALK, TALK,

LONDON, November 12.

Addressing the Colonial Institute on the subject of empire food production, the Food Controller referred to the difficulties of food-supply due to the small sum of production. Our lack of organisation as regards empire supplies and consumption was outstanding production. The whole question of supplies must be reconsidered. The possibilities of empire production should be placed in the forefront. He was aware that Trusts already had a foothold in certain Dominions but by bringing the Dominions into closer trade relations with the motherland we could more effectively devise methods to enable those dominions to relieve themselves of the menace of trusts.

Lord Milner, who presided, said he was not sure we could obtain everything we required from the empire, though as an imperialist he did not want to live in an hermetically sealed empire. On the other hand he believed that a greater development of imperial trade would mean a greater increase of foreign trade, but if we retained command of the sea and had a proper economic development within the empire we should be safeguarded against interruption of supplies of food and raw materials. He believed in the ultimate success of the League of Nations but was unprepared to stake everything upon its immediate success. After all the British empire would supply the driving force of the League and the best way of providing for it was to enable the empire to be self-supporting. We ought to leave no stone unturned to produce more.

THE PRICE OF COAL.

A POLITICAL INCREASE THAT SERVED ITS PURPOSE
MAY NOW BE DROPPED.

LONDON, Nov. 12.

The price of coal was privately discussed yesterday by Mr. Bonar Law and the miners' parliamentary leaders. The latter submitted figures with a view of showing the increase of £s. to be unnecessary. They demanded the appointment of a joint committee to consider the relation of output to prices. It is understood that Mr. Law promised a reduction of price if he found it possible without loss to the exchequer. It is the impression that the Cabinet is ready to take off £s. immediately.

A CARDINAL DEAD.

Cardinal Hartmann is dead.

IDEALS OF EMPIRE.

FINE WORDS THAT FIT NO FACTS.

LONDON, November 12.

Lt. Col. Amery, interviewed by the *Morning Post*, said there was no cause for misgiving about the postwar outlook in the empire. He believed imperial reconstruction would mean setting up a higher standard of living, better housing, public health conditions, education, and wages than any existing to-day. The empire before the close of the century should have two hundred million white citizens at a level of prosperity far above that of the mass of population of the United States to-day. The welfare of the races for which the empire was responsible was equally important. Imperial transport must be developed. The first task of British shipping should be to provide adequate and abundant transport between every point of the empire and be supplemented by imperial railway development. In this matter the United Kingdom might profit by the example of the dominions and strive to apply their standards to railway development in the crown colonies and protectorates. Lt. Col. Amery mentioned that the dominions and Rhodesia had built a hundred thousand miles of railways and the crown colonies and protectorates only 3,700. This disparity showed that the latter were not properly opened up. All the dominions should take an active interest in the tropical parts of the empire. The idea of the empire as a possession of the United Kingdom was obsolete. The empire was a chain of equal British nations girding the world. Overseas settlement was equally important. The work of emigration should not overlook the right of any citizen of the empire to move to another part of the empire. Half the population of Asia was within the British empire, therefore there was no menace to Australia or Canada of an organisation of Asia against their interests, since half of the eight thousand million inhabitants of Asia were partners with them in the empire. Regarding trade preference within the empire Lt. Col. Amery said his views were so well known that it was unnecessary to repeat them.

DEV STATED FRANCE.

PROGRAMME FOR CHARITY GYMKHANA.

The following is the programme of the Gymkhana to be held on Saturday, November 29, in aid of the fund for the devastated villages in France:

THE KILMARNOCK KANTER: Club Handicap: "B" Class.—For China ponies. Cup presented by Mr. M. R. de Journe.

THE GORBALS GALLOP: Class Handicap: "A" Class.—For China ponies. Cup presented by Mr. H. B. L. Dowbiggin.

SCOTCH SCURRY: Distance Handicap: About half-a-mile.—For China ponies.

ST. ANDREW'S CUP: 5 Furlongs.—For Larsen Subscription griffins. Cup presented by Mr. Ross Thomson.

THE TROSSACHS TROT: One mile.—For all China ponies that have started at this Gymkhana and not won a race. Cup presented by Mr. John Peel.

THE PORTO-BELLO PURSE: 12 Mile Handicap.—For all China ponies. Cup presented by Mr. J. H. Congdon.

THE DUMFRIES DIZZIES: Half-mile race.—For Larsen subscription that have run and not been placed in either St. Andrew's Cup or the Larsen Subscription Race in fifth gymkhana. Cup presented by Mr. T. S. Forrest.

H.E. THE GOVERNOR: Has consented to give away the trophies at the conclusion of the meeting.

MACAO NOTES.

November 15. This is ex King Manoel's birthday. Our Municipal Band has invited to play for your St. Andrew's Ball.

A workman of the M.E.L. Company was accidentally electrocuted.

Senhor Trigo, the new head of the Harbour Works, has arrived. He brought five daughters and one son-in-law. The son-in-law will be his accountant.

The Commissioner of Police, a retired officer, is a Poochah. He is also Attorney General and a bit of a Juggins. His latest order

is that all foreign signboards in the city carry the Portuguese equivalent. The Eastern Extension Telegraph Co. is so registered in Lisbon, while it would be odd to show up a Portuguese equivalent for Herbert Dent. One of the foreign firms has asked for the order in writing. The Commissioner merely sent police to them.

Too many of our officials are retired military officers. Winding does not die with them. They'll be giving them teachers' jobs at the Lyceum next.

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

THE GIST OF IT.

The Governor makes Jan. 2 and 3 general holidays. (Jan. 1 was born so.)

Mr. Alexander Mackenzie is appointed an unofficial member of the Licensing Board.

A notice about war medals for merchant marines we reprint in full elsewhere.

CHINESE VIEW OF PARIS CONFERENCE.

LECTURE TO STUDENTS FEDERATION.

On Saturday evening, the 8th inst. Mr. Quo Ta-chi, a representative of the Southern Government, to the Paris Peace Conference and former secretary of ex-President Li Yuan-hung, lectured at the World's Chinese Students' Federation on certain aspects of the Conference which affected the case of China. Brief though the lecture was, it was a graphic description of the causes of China's defeat at Versailles, which, according to Mr. Quo, might, after all, prove to be an effectual remedy for curing the inertia of the Chinese people. A summary of the lecture follows:

Prior to the opening of the Paris Peace Conference, the general opinion of the world was that the war has not only put an end to militarism and imperialism but has also secured a complete triumph of President Wilson's 14 Points which would contribute to an unqualified victory of justice and lay the foundation of international equity. In America the impression prevailed that China would be the greatest gainer as a result of the war. Wilson's doctrines found favour all over Europe because the people were determined to avoid a renewal of the catastrophe from which the belligerent nations had just emerged.

On account of her aggressive policy in the Far East and the lame plea for international support issued by the Japanese delegation at Paris, the early stages of the Peace proceedings found Japan impractically isolated with no signs of earnest support from any of the Great Powers. The chances were in favour of China winning her case at the Peace Table because the Chinese Delegates had reasons of overwhelming justice, in support of their claims which were briefly as follows:

Group I. The direct restoration to China of rights and privileges wronged from China by German aggression.

Group II. The nullification of the 21 Demands imposed by Japan upon China at the point of the bayonet.

Group III. The cancellation of "spheres of influence" ex-territoriality; the restoration of foreign concessions and the revision of the Customs Tariff.

It will be seen that the Peace Conference was justly called upon to make an impartial settlement in regard to Group I and II because they sprang directly from the war in Europe which gave Japan unlimited freedom of action owing to the diversion of the attention of the Powers to events in Europe. Japan could by virtue of the 1915 demands claim the privileges formerly enjoyed by Germany in Shantung; but she felt it would be dangerous to trust to the efficacy of that document and so, in the course of the war, had concluded secret pacts for the enforcement of her unjust claims.

Japan was moving heaven and earth to win her case over Shantung because in that way, she hoped to secure the indirect sanction of the Conference of the 21 demands she had forced upon China. In order to prepare her case, she brought up the question of the racial indiscrimination known that this problem would open the way for immigrants into Australia and California, and would consequently embarrass both Great Britain and the United States. Of course she had to fight single-handed in this matter and her claim was ignored. The withdrawal of the bridgeman's present to the bride was a silver toilet set; while the bridesmaids and maid of honour were the recipients of beautiful little gold brooches.

The event of his being nominated to the presidency of the League.

When at the last moment it was discovered that the Peace Treaty had incorporated clauses giving to Japan rights and privileges which struck at the root of Chinese sovereignty, the Chinese delegation expressed their intention to sign conditionally, the condition being that the Shantung question was to be reserved for future settlement. This was refused by the Conference; then the Chinese delegates wrote a letter stating that it was to be understood that the Chinese delegates would sign; but that the right of a future settlement of the Shantung question was to be reserved. This letter was rejected by the Conference.

Under these circumstances it was not possible for the Chinese delegation to believe that the Peace Conference had, according to China's true justice. "But the failure of China's case has also served a useful purpose.

It has opened the eyes of the people to the necessity of placing the administration on a sound basis and reorganising the economic life of the people in such a way that China, by virtue of her strength and prosperity, shall find her rightful place of honour in the ranks of world powers. The young men of China should realise that it is to them that the country looks for the improvement of the existing conditions and for the creation of order out of chaos.

WEDDING.

GRIMES-HECKET.

A pretty wedding was solemnized at the Union Church, Kennedy Road, at 11 o'clock this morning, the parties being Mr. C. A. Grimes of the P.W.D. and Miss Henrietta Hockett of No. 43, the Peak.

There was a large gathering of friends present at the church.

The bride who was given away by Mr. J. A. Lyon, Chief Sanitary Inspector, looked charming in a costume of white silk crepe de Chine and georgette trimmed with silver and a hat to match.

She carried a bouquet of white lilies and was attended by Miss Gertrude Razavet as maid of honour and by the Misses Lily and Katie Grimes (the bridegroom's daughters). Miss Razavet wore a dress of georgette over old rose satin trimmed with blue beads and white silver broad hat whilst the Misses Grimes were attired in white silk crepe de Chine and georgette trimmed with silver, with hats to match.

The Rev. J. Kirk Macdonald officiated. Mr. E. J. Chapman presided at the organ and played Mendelssohn's Wedding March as the newly wedded couple left the church.

Mr. K. Staple of the P.W.D., who recently returned from war service performed the duties of "bestman."

After the ceremony an informal reception was held at No. 10 Government Quarters, Park Road, where the toasts "bride and bridegroom" and that of the "bridesmaids" were duly proposed and honoured.

Mr. and Mrs. Grimes and the Misses Grimes left in the afternoon for Macao where the new residence of Sir Robert Ho Tung was kindly placed at their disposal.

The bride's going away costume was of grey cloth and she wore a black Panama velvet hat.

LIST OF PRESENTS.

Mrs. G. Thompson, butter dish and knife; Mr. and Mrs. Butland, (sister and brother-in-law of the bride), canister of plate; Mrs. Babbage, silver butter dish; Sir Robert and Lady Ho Tung and family, gold and jade bracelets and gold, and pearl brooch; Mr. and Mrs. M. K. Lo, silver vases and gold chain bag; Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Lyon, electric reading lamp; Mr. and Mrs. D. MacCrae, electric kettle; Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Jones, inlaid vase; Mrs. Nicholl (bridegroom's mother), cheque; Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Howe, set of nut crackers; Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Brown, can, Mr. and Mrs. J. Dixon, carved blackwood frames; Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Jenkins, electric toaster. The Engineers' Maintenance Dept., P.W.D., case of silver spoons; Mr. M. Hoyem, pair silver vases; Mr. and Mrs. Lanley, silver sweet dish; Mr. and Mrs. R. Wilson, silver sugar tongs, Mr. K. Staple, military hair brushes; Miss Frides silver toothpick holders; Miss S. and G. Grimes (brothers of the bridegroom), silver tea service; Miss Ah Chee, Swatow table cloth; Mr. and Mrs. Gipson, silver photo frames; Mr. and Mrs. R. Gray, damascene inlaid bowl; Mr. and Mrs. Bentley, decorated vase, Mrs. White, silver cruet; Mr. G. Reece, silver toast rack; Mrs. Dawson and Miss Fincher, lacquered tea table; Mrs. Ah Hing, silver toothpick holders; Mr. A. A. Wilson, silver cruet stand.

The bridgeman's present to the bride was a silver toilet set; while the bridesmaids and maid of honour were the recipients of beautiful little gold brooches.

The event of his being nominated to the presidency of the League.

When at the last moment it was

SCARING THE PROFITEER.

HOW DO THEY KNOW THEM?

The inauguration of the campaign against the vast army of profiteers—big and little—who have been batten on the public for so long has begun. The machinery that has been set up provides for a thorough investigation, wherever necessary, into costs and prices. The biggest, as well as the smallest business, comes within the scope of the Act. In the latter cases the investigation is to be done by local committees throughout the country. Where they find that unreasonable prices have been charged they can determine what would have been a reasonable charge and order a refund of the difference.

These committees will rely for their information upon persons who consider that they have been grossly overcharged. One imagines that they will not have to complain of a lack of complaints!

Whether the system works well or ill, there is no doubt that the mere announcement that the profiteer hunt is about to begin has had the effect of bringing down prices a little in many directions. Women are already noticing with glee a sagging tendency in the prices of many of the things in which they delight. This also applies to foodstuffs. In several districts where open-air markets have been established to compete with the shops, it has been noticed during the past few days that there is no longer any very marked difference between the prices of the goods in the shop windows and those displayed on the street bairns. When some of the more eminent profiteers have been read severe lesson in the courts, there should be a still further improvement.

THE FRAWLEY COMPANY.

ANOTHER SUCCESSFUL PERFORMANCE.

The Frawley Company scored another success, last evening, in the presentation of a light comedy.

"Lombardi, Ltd." is a play which provides ample opportunity for scenic effects which was taken full advantage of.

Mr. Frawley undertook the title role; a somewhat exacting one, in finished style, and he was ably supported by the other members of the Company. Tito Lombardi (Mr. Frawley) is a dressmaker, presumably of Italian nationality, but from his accent his birthplace was France. However, he gathers about him a staff of assistants who through kindly treatment, are prepared to do anything for him. There follows an epidemic of "love making" and the audience is treated to a series of scenes in which love is lost and regained, culminating in a general squaring up to the satisfaction of all. The wardrobe mistress is to be congratulated on the pretty dresses which went far towards the success of a delightful light comedy.

This evening will be presented Parlour, Bedroom and Bath.

THE FRAWLEY COMPANY.

HOME FOOTBALL.

THE BLIND AND EUROPEANS.

CHINESE TELEGRAMS.

[By Arrangement with the Wah Tze Ip Po.]

PEKING, Nov. 14.

The selection of a Cabinet was hindered by disputes between a pro-Japanese and a pro-American party. The pro-Chinese party has prevailed, however, and the unaltered list will be submitted to Parliament in a few days.

An Italian aeroplane corps is to fly from Rome to China. Canton is instructed to prepare a landing place at Yin Tong in the Pun Yu district.

Chien Nan Hsien, ex-premier, is now Director of Irrigation and Conservancy for Kiangsu and Chekiang.

Southern leaders are now invited to Peking to talk peace.

CANTON NOTE.

The report of the Supt. of Police is dead against the students' conduct at the Sincere Store, and is endorsed by the Tuchun, who describes the young rioters as robbers.

Armed police have been raiding eleven of the newspaper offices, and have arrested 29 newspapermen.

Members of Parliament, Chambers of Commerce, teachers, etc. meet in the East Garden at one o'clock to-day to discuss the case of the arrested students.

A new bank is opening at Canton, to finance a Mongolian mining company.

Chang Shong Chang, a labourer, has offered to serve the eleven sentences of the 11 arrested students, so that they may be released and continue their studies.

HOME FOOTBALL.

RESULTS AT A GLANCE.

D'ANNUNZIO'S ENTRY INTO Fiume.

VERY DRAMATIC.

D'Annunzio had taken four days at Ronchi to prepare his expedition. There was stationed there a battalion of Grenadiers, under the command of a major, who consented to join the expedition. Shortly after midnight on September 11 they sent to a neighbouring spot for forty motor-trucks. The lieutenant in command of the depot at first refused to send the cars, but when told what they were required for, he consented, and offered to join the expedition himself. The column then set out, with D'Annunzio at its head, and along the road it was joined by many others.

As the troops came in sight of Fiume the big bell on the main tower rang out, and soon all the bells in the town were pealing. The premises where French and British troops were lodged were immediately placed under the guard and protection of the Brigade Regina and their sentries withdrawn. The commanders of Allied troops were communicated with by telephone, and replied that they agreed, under the circumstances, to accept the accomplished fact, and would observe a passive attitude.

The Italian commander General Pittaluga immediately tried to stop the advance, but in vain. He sent out troops to meet those of D'Annunzio and to order them to stop outside the town, but his men immediately fraternised with those of D'Annunzio. The General twice sent nineteen armoured cars with machine-guns, but they also immediately went over to D'Annunzio. With his last detachment General Pittaluga met D'Annunzio at the point where he was entering the town. He saluted D'Annunzio, and then said to him: "I have strict orders and must prevent an act which may have incalculable consequences for our country."

The poet replied: "I understand your words, General. You will order your men to fire on my soldiers, their brothers, but before you do so, order them to fire on me. Here I am, let them first fire on me!" Saying this, he moved towards the soldiers, exposing his breast, adorned with the medal of military honour. There was a movement among the troops, who approached the poet and cheered him. The General saw his opposition was useless. He walked up to the poet and complimented him. The soldiers on both sides immediately cheered the poet and the General, and without further orders they crossed the road which divides Fiume from the suburbs and entered the town.

General Pittaluga withdrew alone, and the soldiers opened a way for him. He stopped his car at the public gardens, where a large crowd had assembled and made a short speech to the people. He said: "You ought now to be satisfied, and I hope that your destiny will be fulfilled. I am heart and soul with you, but I exhort you to show the greatest respect to the Allies." D'Annunzio meanwhile proceeded to the military headquarters, where he took over the command of the city.

NORFOLK OILFIELD.

KING'S LYNN IS A SECO ID PITTSBURG.

The Daily News understands that the shale oil deposits recently discovered in Norfolk have been proved of sufficient richness, both in quantity and quality, for commercial development, and that the necessary steps for production in bulk are to be taken immediately.

The importance of this development is described by Major-General Sir George Scott-Moncrieff, who during the war was Director-General of Works and Fortifications, as making this country "practically independent of foreign sources of supply in emergencies."

It is stated that the quantity of petroleum products in the shale already "in sight" exceeds 200 million tons, and that within 20 years the industry will have so developed as to employ 25,000 persons. The quality of the oil is said to be better than that of Derbyshire, and seven fresh sites have already been chosen for the sinking of shafts.

The shafts, works, and workmen's dwellings are to be connected with the Great Eastern main line from King's Lynn.

The existence of shale oil beds in East Anglia has been suspected for many years, but it was not until about six years ago that the matter was seriously taken up by the British Oil Company. Experimental work was interrupted by the war, but on resumption it was discovered that rich deposits covered an area of over 100 square miles, being bounded by a rough rectangle between King's Lynn, Great Marsingham, Downham Market, and Cockley Cley.

WAR MEDALS.

I.

His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to signify his pleasure that the British War Medal, which has been granted to His Majesty's Forces, be granted also to the British, Dominion, Colonial and Indian Mercantile Marine.

In the United Kingdom the Medal, in silver, will be given to those who can supply such evidence as may be approved by the Board of Trade of having served at sea for not less than six months between the 4th August, 1914, and 11th November, 1918, inclusive; and those entitled to receive it will include Licensed Pilots, Fishermen, and crews of Pilotage and Lighthouse Authorities' Vessels, and Post Office Cable Ships.

In other parts of the Empire the qualifying service will be the same, but all details will be determined by the several Governments.

II.

His Majesty the King has also graciously pleased to signify his pleasure that a Merchant Marine War Medal be granted to the persons specified in the previous paragraph, who are qualified for the British War Medal, and who, in addition, can supply such evidence as may be approved by the Authorities referred to in that paragraph of having served at sea on at least one voyage through a danger zone. For this purpose a voyage through a danger zone means:—

(a) A voyage on a ship which entered or cleared a United Kingdom port, or a French port, or a Mediterranean port;

(b) Such other voyages in other parts of the world as shall be specified in a further notice.

The Medal will be in bronze, and the ribbon will be green and red arranged vertically, with a narrow white line between them.

III.

The Authorities referred to in paragraphs I and II will determine whether any applicant is disqualified for the Medals by reason of misconduct during the war.

IV.

Officers, men and women referred to in this announcement who, whilst serving at sea, were captured by the enemy or lost their lives through enemy action or were presumed by disappearance through enemy action from their service at sea, before being able to complete their qualifying service for one or both of the medals, will be deemed to have qualified.

V.

The medals earned by deceased officers, men and women, will be issued to their legatees or next-of-kin entitled to receive them.

VI.

Instructions as to the submission of claims and other particulars will shortly be issued.

Board of Trade.

July, 1919.

INSTRUCTIONS AS TO THE SUBMISSION OF CLAIMS, &c., IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

(a.) All applications should be made on the forms which are provided at Merchant Marine Offices and at the Offices of Pilotage and Lighthouse Authorities. If, however, an applicant is unable to attend at any such Office, a written request may be sent to the Marine Department, Board of Trade, London, for an appointment.

(b.) Officers, men and women, who have served during part of the war in the Royal Navy, R.N.R., or under special Naval Engagements (i.e., Form T 124 and its variants), in the Army, or in the Royal Air Force, have in many cases performed service during some other part of the War which would entitle them to the Merchant Marine War Medal. Such officers, men and women, will be awarded the Merchant Marine War Medal if their claims are approved, apart from any further medal which they may be awarded under the regulations of the Admiralty, War Office, or Air Ministry.

(c.) Qualifying service will in all cases be service at sea, and not service in harbours, rivers, or other inland waters.

(d.) Legatees or next-of-kin of deceased officers, men and women, will not be entitled to participate in the preliminary distribution of medal ribands, but must await the distribution of medals, to which the usual quantity of ribbon will be attached.

(e.) The Board of Trade will be the sole judge as to whether applicants are qualified, under the terms of the foregoing announcement, for any, and if so for which, of the medals referred to.

The preliminary issue to any applicant of medal ribbon cannot by itself entitle the applicant to the subsequent award of the corresponding medal.

Marine Department,

Board of Trade.

July, 1919.

THE WEEK'S CHAT.

During the past week we lived again in memory that wonderful day November 11, when Armistice was signed and it was once more possible to contemplate the resumption of a normal existence.

During the war the men and women who were intimately connected with it lived a terribly nerve-wracking life and no man who was not in the conflict, even a woman, could not understand just what it meant. The observation of two minutes silence was a fine thought, I could write pages of the memories that flooded to me during those two minutes on a ship in Hongkong harbour, when all around was silent.

I saw again a crowded square before Town Hall in a distant continent. I heard the Mayor read the official announcement and then silence the involuntary silence of thanksgiving, the vast throng stood for one moment before breaking into wild cheers.

There were many disabled soldiers in that crowd, there were many widows and there were thousands of wives, mothers, sisters and daughters of men in the fighting line. Most of them laughed while tears streaming down their faces. No one seemed, everyone bubbled and laughed and cried and for three days joy reigned supreme. I pictured another scene written to me by a brother in France. He wrote from a village near Mons.

"On our last march up here we had a most interesting sight. Another Sub, and I were bringing the company up and had halted in a field on the side of a deep sunken road. A few yards in front of where I was sitting was a deep mine crater in the road and beyond, about 100 ft. was a substantial farm-house."

"A few of our men were standing about the field, when a Belgian aeroplane circled round once or twice, the second time almost within touching distance. Seeing he wanted to land, I told the men to keep clear. The third time he swooped down and landed, just missing the shell-hole, the very nearest he could get to the farm-house; he knew the ground by heart. No sooner had he stopped than a woman rushed from the house and embraced and kissed him before he had time to leave his machine. The woman was his mother, and this incident occurred at 12.30 p.m. on the 11th November, 1918.

"The boy had made straight for his home and his mother with the good news.

I shall think of that story, every year on November 11, and also of a friend of mine, whose husband was killed a few hours before Armistice was signed.

And now it is all over and we are all reunited and our troubles nearly forgotten. Many of us are a lot poorer than we were before the war, at least, we have not got any bank balances to speak of; some of our men folk were middle aged when they threw up everything and left their wives and children to carry on, on a pittance and the savings, in the old stocking, but they are richer in many respects than they were before and so are their women and children.

It is a bit hard just at first to settle down to the humdrum office routine and the daily duties and to try and forget the experience of the past years, experiences which are not a popular subject of conversation in Hongkong. The intolerant listener is inclined to forget that it is not snark or superiority that prompts these stories, but memory and a feeling of joy and security in being home again amid dear friends, after all the discomforts, hardships and daily dangers. In a little while will be as it was before, the big lessons will be forgotten, and the old party standards of life and society set up again. Perhaps! But only for a little while. The masses are awake to-day and the lesson of the war has been driven into their formerly dull and quiescent hearts. Revolution and Bolshevism are striking the world.

Gossip reports that a flower day will be arranged to raise money for advertising expenses.

The Portuguese community are going to provide the flowers and the day is to coincide with the larceny of the trousers.

Mr. Lo said he did not believe that the girl was at all seriously hurt, on the second day of her admittance into the hospital, she played in the ward, and left the hospital without the consent of the doctor.

His Worship said that as regards the assault, the man was wrong in slapping the girl. He should have told her mistress of her conduct. He imposed a fine of \$10.

Mr. Lo said he did not believe that the girl was at all seriously hurt, on the second day of her admittance into the hospital, she played in the ward, and left the hospital without the consent of the doctor.

Newspaper reports of the proceedings lead her to believe that her request has been granted. This place would have been a priceless source of copy for a comic opera by Gilbert and Sullivan. By the way they never visited it. Such funny things do happen here.

Miss Van der Flier who has gone to Shanghai to lecture and demonstrate with her own private little movie show, is returning to Hongkong and will give a benefit performance on December 1 at which His Excellency the Governor and other leading officials not forgetting all the Taipans and Taipanesses are said to be present. A cabaret is arranged for December 19 or the 6th according to suitability of date.

Meeting a ship in Hongkong is a trying experience. It would be well for a few responsible officials to mingle with the common herd, on a few occasions and with them mount the gangway from the wharf or launch to the ship's deck.

I venture to think that one such experience would make them take drastic action to make things a bit more comfortable for the public. When the gangway is lowered waiting friends and relatives make a step forward to welcome the returned wanderer or new comer. This step is the last one for many a drowsy minutes. From all sides comes an avalanche of mixed humanity, in which the European element is conspicuously absent, crushed back by the crush of coolies and Chinese

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

W. H.—"Why I am not a Christian" has gone to enrich the waste paper basket. Sorry, but if we are to publish that sort of thing, we prefer to start with the reasons why Christians are not Christians.

"A & R."—Thanks for the title. During the war the men and women who were intimately connected with it lived a terribly nerve-wracking life and no man who was not in the conflict, even a woman, could not understand just what it meant.

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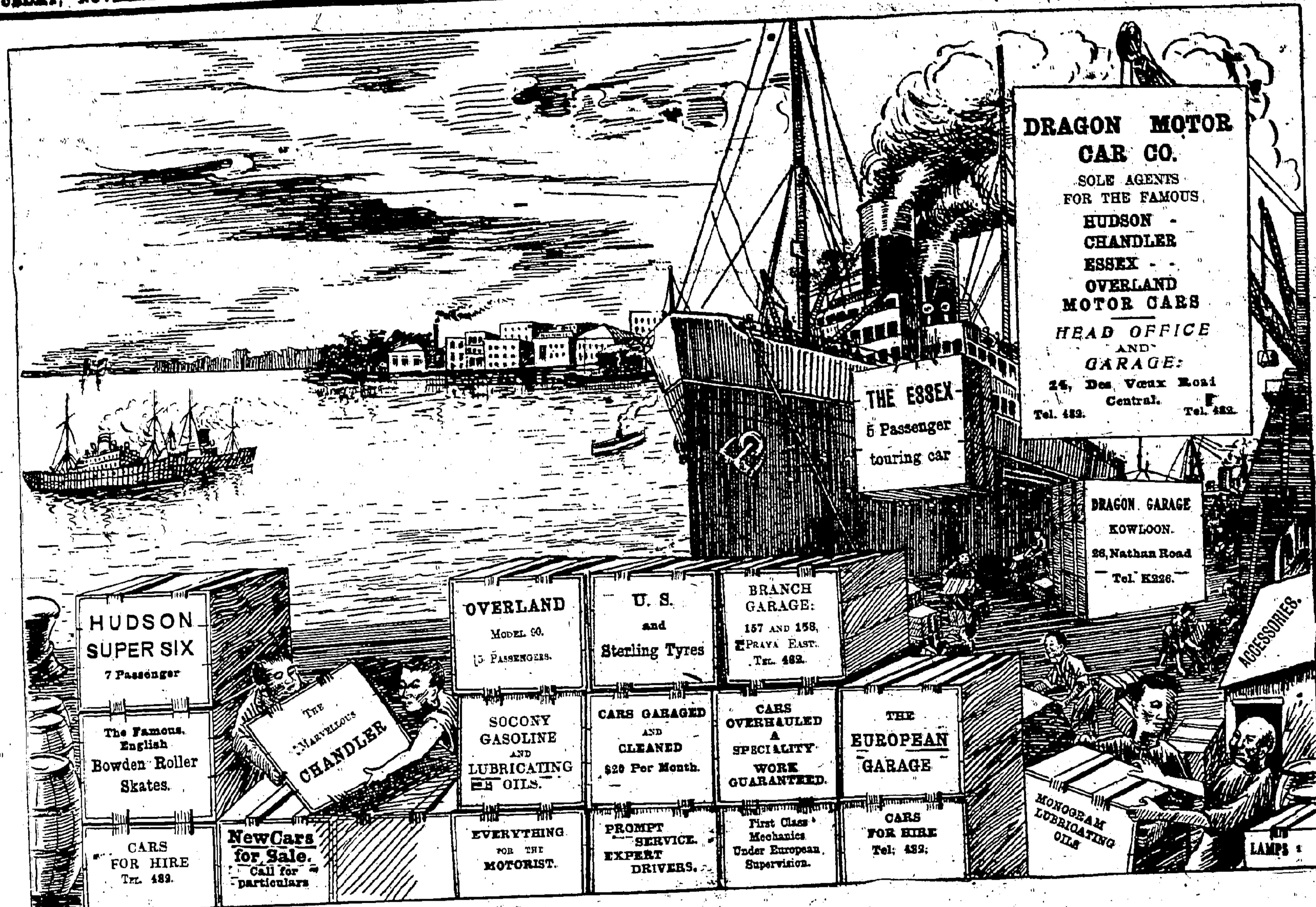
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SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1919

THE CHINA MAIL.



Tel. 482. **DRAGON MOTOR CAR Co.** Tel. 482.

THE SINCERE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE LARGEST EMPORIUM IN THE FAR EAST.

Have just received a large assortment
OF

WINTER GOODS

of the latest fashions and best qualities.

Call and inspect our Stocks.

You will always get good value for your money.

THE SINCERE COMPANY, LTD.

Telephone 1967-8

Telephone 1967 3

"COMMANDER" VIRGINIA CIGARETTES.

"Commander" Stands supreme in its power to satisfy the most fastidious Smokers. It is a mild, pleasing cigarette made in a "SUPER SIZE."

"Commander must be smoked to be appreciated."



OSOSA SOSHEN KAISHA.

HEAVY FALL IN THE COMPANY'S PROFITS.

The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's report, now in circulation, for the half year ended June 30, states that a heavy blow was received through the decrease in cargo and the sudden fall in freight rates. The boycott is said not to have seriously affected the North and South China services. "To sum up," says the report, "the shipping circles being exceedingly depressed during this term, the company's business sustained a severe blow, while expenditures still amounted to an enormous sum as before; but for all this fair results were realised." The number of the company's steamers together with those chartered during this term totalled 151 with an aggregating tonnage of 380,892 tons which were allotted to 48 home and foreign services and carried 1,179,142 passengers and 67,163,225 pieces of cargo at a charge obtained amounting to Y66,679,609. Adding to the above other miscellaneous receipts, total receipts of Y73,581,788 were obtained, after subtracting from which the total expenditure of Y47,521,828, net profits of Y26,059,960 were realised. As compared with corresponding term of last year, an increase of Y6,365,292 was made in the total receipts but a decrease of Y9,86,907 in net profits was seen while as compared with last term, a decrease of Y25,280,985 in net profits is shown.

The appendix to the report contains some instructive figures on the business standing of the company. The paid up capital of 1834 amounting to Y1,042,265, has increased to Y37,275,000, with debentures amounting to Y3,500,000, making a total of Y40,775,000. During the same period, the company's fleet has increased from 92 steamers with a total tonnage of 16,458, to 135 steamers with a tonnage of 385,072. Six vessels of from 6,500 to 7,000 tons are under construction, and 10,000 tons.

INTENSE ITCHING CUTICURA HEALS

On Body. Blisters Spread to Eruptions. Never Slept. Lasted Over 8 Months.

"My complaint began with intense itching and burning on my body, especially around the waist. When I rubbed them appeared little watery blisters which soon spread into sore eruptions and I never knew a good night's sleep. The crusts came off leaving a skin red and sore. ... This went on for over eight months. Then I sent for a few samples of Cuticura, and afterward bought two bottles of Soap and three boxes of Ointment and was healed." (Signed) William Washbourne, Laurel Cottage, Welbeck, Head, Warwickshire, Eng. Prevent future trouble by using Cuticura Soap for all toilet purposes. For details, consult your local druggist. Order to hospital and dispensary. P. Newbury & Son, 27, Cheltenham Rd., London. Sold everywhere.

EARLY COLDS.

BE careful of the colds you take at this time of the year. They are particularly dangerous. A neglected cold may mean a winter cold. Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy at once. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

HONGKONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

HONGKONG, 14th NOVEMBER, 1919.
OFFICIAL QUOTATIONS.

BANKS.	
STERLING	£100,000.
HONGKONG	£100,000.
SHANGHAI	£100,000.
CHINA	£100,000.
MANILA	£100,000.
TAIWAN	£100,000.
THAILAND	£100,000.
INDO-CHINA	£100,000.
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NEW ZEALAND	£100,000.
CHILE	£100,000.
PERU	£100,000.
CHINA	£100,000.
INDIA	£100,000.
AFRICA	£100,000.
AMERICA	£100,000.
EUROPE	£100,000.
ASIA	£100,000.
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PERU	£100,000.
CHINA	£100,000.
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BICYCLES FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.
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"For the Blood is the Life."
YOUR BLOOD WANTS PURIFYING.

IF YOU are troubled with Eczema, Biotches, Spots, Pimples, Boils, Sores or Eruptions of any kind continually bursting through the skin.

IF YOU have that constant Itching and Inflammation of Fingers, etc.

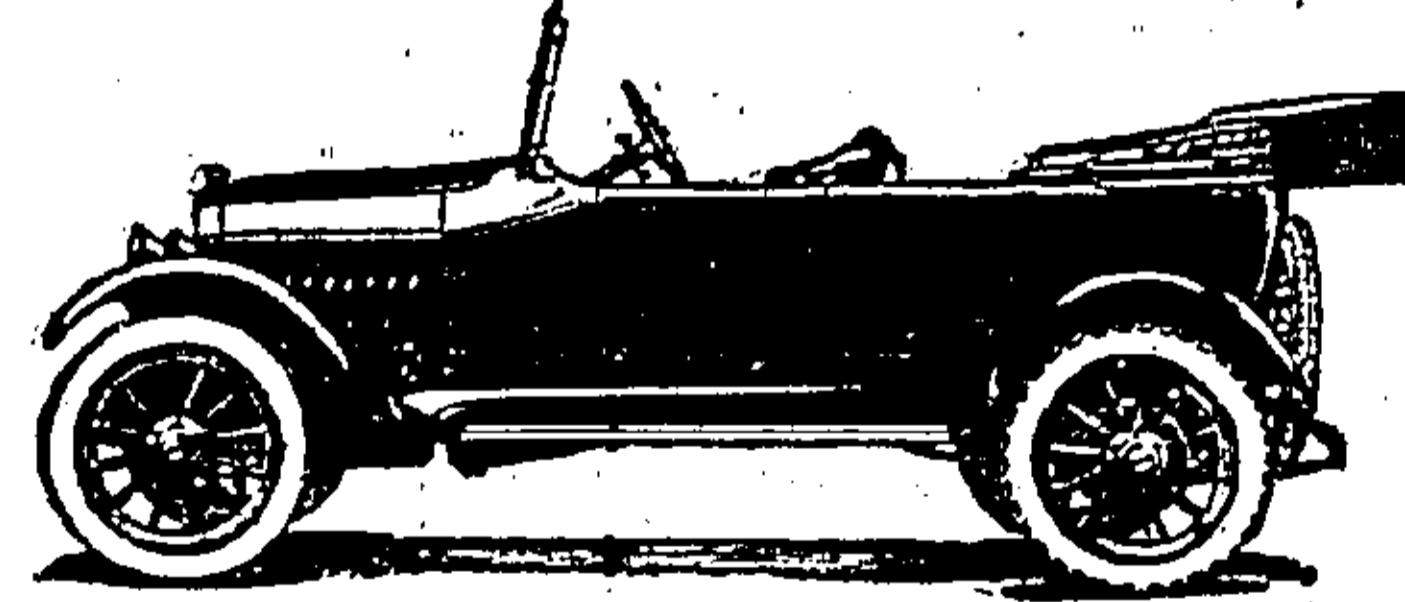
All these are sure signs of clogging blood impurity, calling for immediate treatment through the blood, so don't waste your time and money on useless lotions and messy ointments, which cannot get below the surface of the skin. What you want and what you must have is a medicine that will get right to the root of your trouble, a medicine that will thoroughly free the blood of the poisonous matter which alone is the true cause of all your suffering. Clarke's Blood Mixture is just such a medicine. It is composed of ingredients which quickly attack, overcome, and expel from the blood all impurities (from whatever cause arising), and by rendering it clean and pure, can be relied on to effect a lasting cure.

The True Value of CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE is certified by a most remarkable collection of uncollected testimonies from grateful patients of all classes—patients who have been cured after doctors and hospitals have given them up as incurable—patients who have been cured after trying many other treatments without success—patients who not only have been cured of the particular Skin or Blood Complaint from which they were suffering, but also have found great improvement in their general health. (See pamphlet round bottle.)

Over 50 years success. Pleasant to take and warranted free from anything injurious. Of all Chemists and Stores keepers. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

The World's Best Blood Purifier.
CURES ALL
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES.

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To do one thing well—to do it better, day after day, tells the story that made building 300,000 Maxwell Motor Cars on the original, simple chassis design possible.

The Maxwell owner feels proud of the performance of his Maxwell Car. It has justly earned the reputation of the "thrift car" because it runs most miles per gallon of petrol and most miles per tyre with exceptionally low cost for spares.

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OF DETROIT MICH.

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More miles per gallon
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NOTICES.

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MANUFACTURERS OF GREAT BRITAIN
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BRASS OR COPPER**
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ARNHOLD BROTHERS & Co., Ltd.
CHINA & HONGKONG

POST OFFICE.

XMAS LETTER MAIL
The Letter Mail to be despatched per
Empress of Japan on the 15th instant,
is expected to reach London on or about
December 15th.

The Money Order Service with the
Philippines Islands has been temporarily
suspended.

Registered and Parcel Mails are closed
15 minutes earlier than the time given
below unless otherwise stated, and these
mails are advised to close before 9
a.m. registered and parcel mails are
closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day.

In the case of Mails closing before 8 a.m.
Registration closes at 5 o'clock on the
previous evening.

INWARD MAIL.

SUNDAY, November 16.
Bombay—Per SWAHILY.
MONDAY, November 17.
Shanghai—Per SUNNING.
WEDNESDAY, November 19.
Straita—Per NOVARA.

OUTWARD MAIL.

SUNDAY, November 16.
Macao—Per SUIAN, 8.30 a.m.
Hainan—Per HANOL, 8 a.m.
Hokow and Bangkok—Per HUPEH,
9 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa via Keelung
—Per KAOI MARU, 9 a.m.
Shanghai and North China—Per
LAERTER, 9 a.m.
Philippines Islands, Australia and New
Zealand via Sydney—Per
MADRAS, 9 a.m.
MONDAY, November 17.
Macao—Per SUIAN, 8.30 a.m.
Straita, Bangkok and Calcutta—Per
GREGORY APCAR, Noon.
Macao—Per CHUEN CHOW, 4.30 p.m.
TUESDAY, November 18.
Swatow and Bangkok—Per LUCHOW,
5 a.m.
Macao—Per SUI TAI, 8.30 a.m.
Shanghai and North China—Per
BHANTUNG, 11 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow—Per HAK
HONG, Noon.
Philippines Islands—Per TAMING,
2 p.m.
Straita, Bangkok and Calcutta—Per
FOOKSANG, 2 p.m.
Macao—Per CHUEN CHOW, 4.30 p.m.
Shanghai and North China—Per
HANGSANG, 5 p.m.
WEDNESDAY, November 19.
Macao—Per SUIAN, 8.30 a.m.
Philippines Islands, Australia and New
Zealand via Tamsui—Per
ARI MARU, Registration
4.45 a.m., Letters 5.30 a.m.
Shanghai, North China, Japan via
Nagasaki, Canada, United
States, Central and South
America and EUROPE via
VANCOUVER, B.C.—Per
EMPEROR OF JAPAN, Re-
gistration 9.45 a.m., Letters
10.30 a.m.
Macao—Per CHUEN CHOW, 4.30 p.m.

THURSDAY, November 20.
Macao—Per SUI TAI, 8.30 a.m.
Shanghai, North China and Japan via
Moji—Per NOVARA, 11 a.m.
Macao—Per CHUEN CHOW, 4.30 p.m.

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A LARGE
ASSORTMENT
OF
WINTER GOODS
HAS JUST ARRIVED.
INSPECTION WELCOME.

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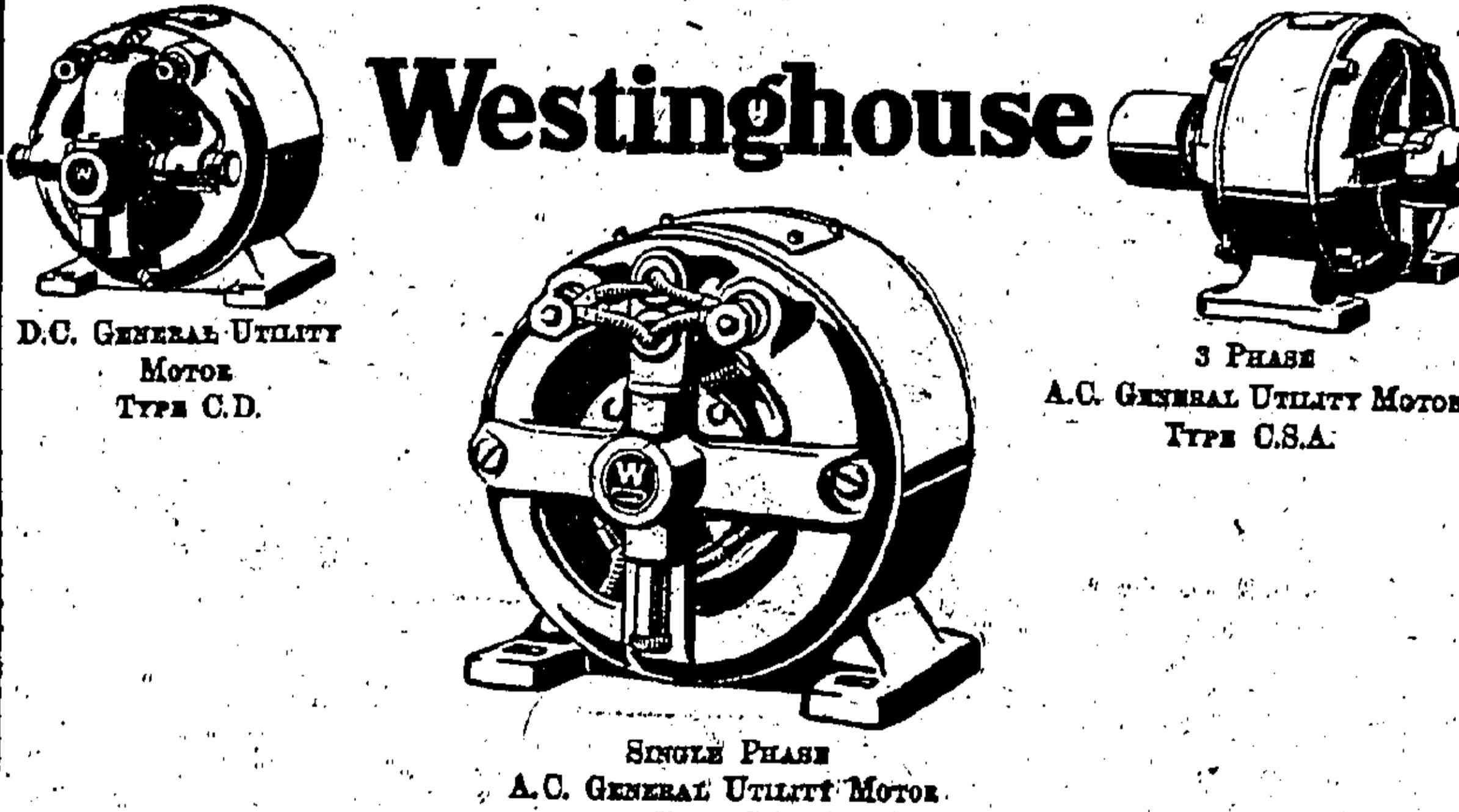
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at 2.15, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.
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IN
"THE COME BACK"
HAROLD LLOYD & BERNIE DANIELS
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"RING UP THE CURTAIN"
Usual Prices. Booking at ROBINSON'S.

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MONDAY Nov. 17	"SCANDAL"
TUESDAY Nov. 18	"THE FORTUNE HUNTER."
WEDNESDAY Nov. 19	"THREE FACES EAST."
THURSDAY Nov. 20	"THE CHORUS LADY."
FRIDAY Nov. 21	"FOREVER AFTER"
SATURDAY Nov. 22	"LIGHTNIN'"

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These Cigarettes are made of selected MILD
leaf tobacco and quite harmless to those
who are accustomed to inhale.

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金 菲 菲 伊 伊 人 人
银 菲 菲 伊 伊 人 人

Printed and Published for The Co-operative by G. W. Williams
Cable Address: "Globe", Editor, No. 5, Wyndham Street, Hongkong.